

RECURRENT PERICARDITIS CAUSES



Though its cause isn't known in **90% of patients**, pericarditis is often presumed to be related to a recent viral infection such as influenza (flu) or COVID-19.

Recurrent pericarditis can affect anyone regardless of their sex, age, race, or economic background.



Potential causes of a first-time episode of pericarditis include:

- Autoimmune conditions such as lupus, scleroderma or rheumatoid arthritis
- Complications from a heart attack or heart surgery
- Benign tumors or malignant cancers
- Health conditions, such as kidney failure
- Bacterial, viral, fungal or parasitic infections (most common in people with compromised immune systems)
- Radiation to the chest
- Injury to the chest
- Certain medications, such as phenytoin (an anti-seizure medicine) and procainamide (prescribed for irregular heartbeats)

If the pericarditis returns, it's often because the initial episode (or flare) wasn't fully resolved or because the body has had an autoinflammatory response.

Visit heart.org/recurrentpericarditis for more information.