UTILIZING DATA AND FEEDBACK TO IMPROVE CARE IN WEST TEXAS

- Presented by: Martee Tebow, RN, PCCN-K
- AMI Program Coordinator at Hendrick Health System

Martee Tebow is the AMI Program Coordinator for Hendrick Medical Center in Abilene, Texas. She has experience in PCU, CICU and hemodialysis. In 2015 she joined the performance improvement department at Hendrick. Martee is passionate about providing quality care to patients and promoting heart health.





DISCLOSURES

FINANCIAL DISCLOSURE: No financial relationships to disclose

UNLABELED/UNAPPROVED USES DISCLOSURE: None to disclose



BENCHMARKS FOR STEMI PATIENTS

- DOOR TO ECG (D2ECG) <10 MIN
- FIRST MEDICAL CONTACT TO BALLOON (FMC2B) <90 MIN or <120¹ MIN WHEN TRANSPORT TIME IS >45 MIN (AND D2B <30 MIN)

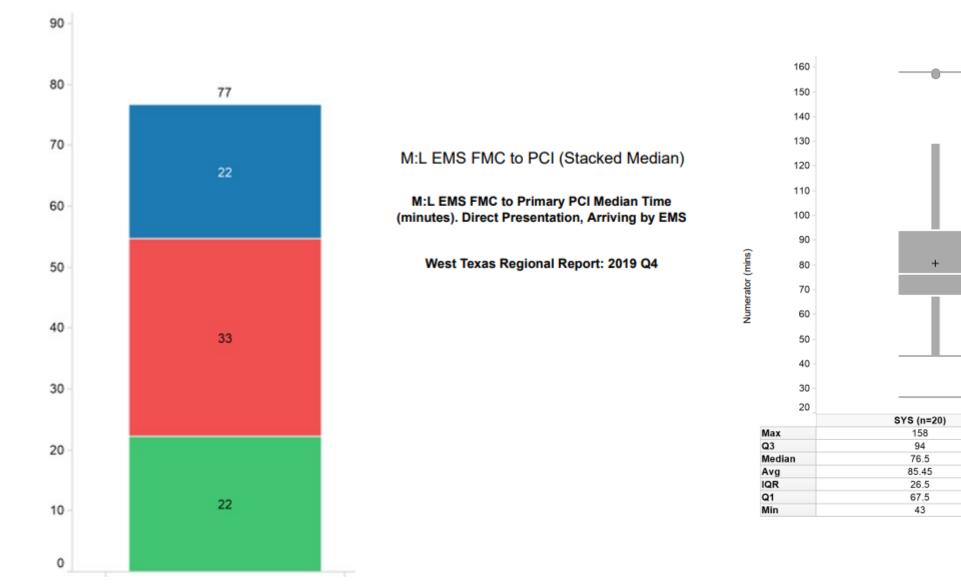
TRANSFER PATIENTS:

- DOOR-IN-DOOR-OUT (DIDO) <30 MIN
- DOOR-TO-DOOR-TO-BALLOON (D2D2B) <120 MIN

IF ANTICIPATED D2D2B >120 MIN PATIENT SHOULD BE CONSIDERED FOR THROMBOLYTIC

(IF ANTICIPATED SENDING FACILITY DOOR TO RECEIVING FACILITY DOOR >60 MIN CONSIDER LYTIC





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Cath Lab Time ED Time EMS FMC to Door

5

Regional Trend - % M:L EMS FMC to PCI

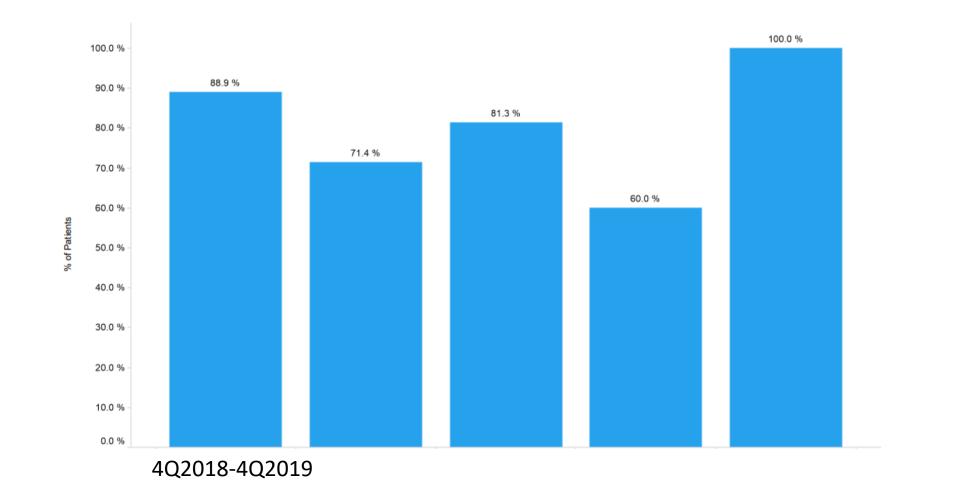
Regional Trend - % M:L EMS First Medical Contact to Primary PCI <= to 90 Minutes AND <=120 Minutes When Transport >=45 minutes AND Arrival to PCI <=30 Minutes. Direct Presentation, Arriving via EMS



American Heart

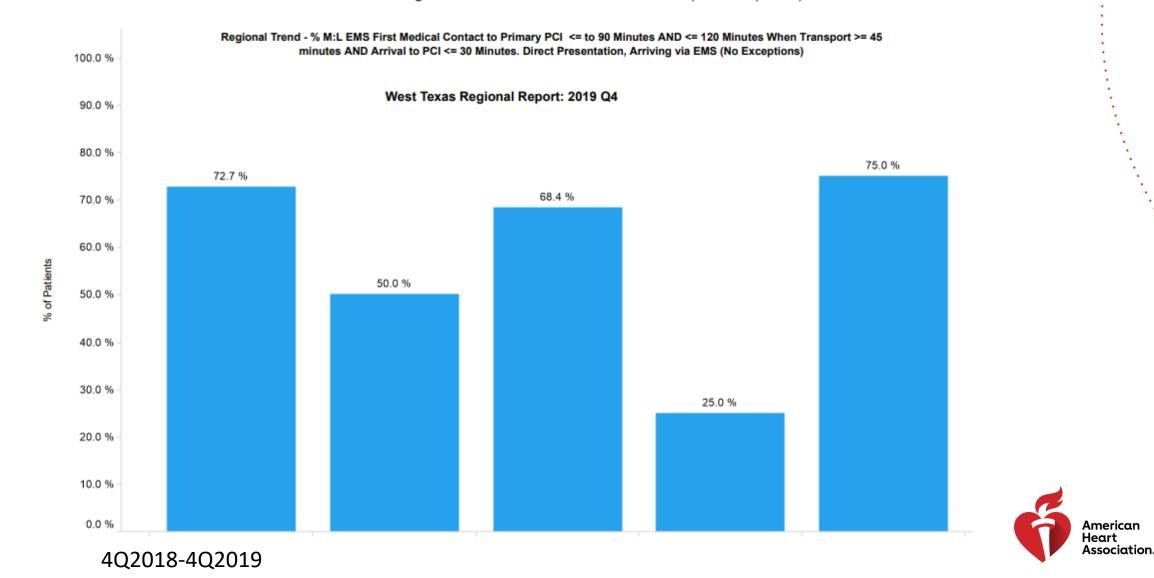
Association.

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6

Regional Trend -M:L % EMS FMC to PCI (No Exceptions)

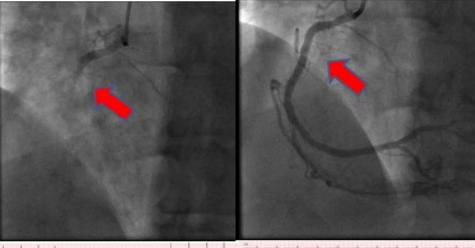


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STEMI Congrats!

Door to Balloon: 44 Minutes

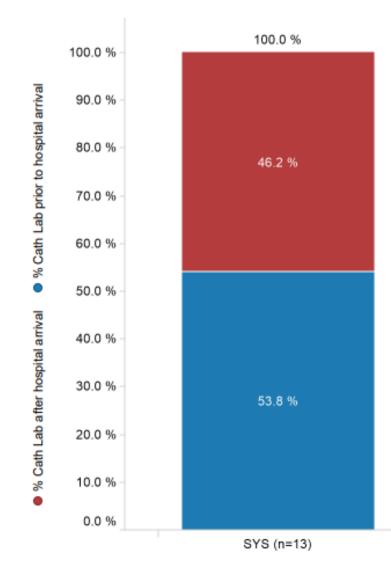
Door to ECG: 1 minute STEMI Dx to Cath Lab: 14 minutes Door to Cath Lab: 15 minutes FMC28 (First Medical Contact to Balloon-Transfer patients): 60 Min EMS Team: ED Physician: Primary & Triage Nurse: Charge Nurse: ECG Tech: Cardiologist: Cath Lab Team: Before After



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manyoupphhil	and the second and th
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munnananana	in the thirt of the property of the the
Thachhhhhhhhhh	







% M:L Pre-Hospital Cath Lab Activation

% M:L Pre-Hospital Cath Lab Activation for STEMI. Direct Presentation, Arriving via EMS and with Pre-Hospital Notification

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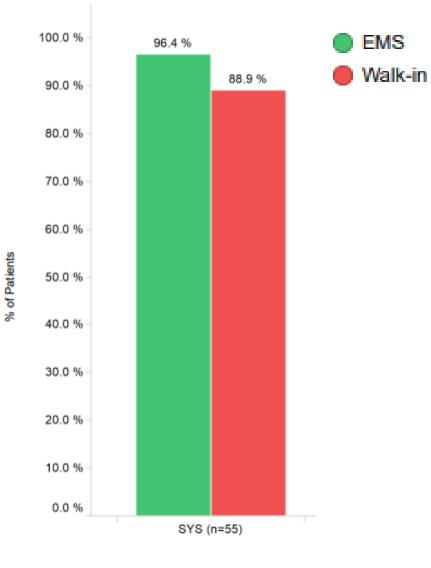
- Field ECG transmitted ASAP
- STEMI Alert via EMS PTA
- Quality ECG
- ED Provider/Cardiologist reading field ECG ASAP



% M:L Arrival to PCI <= 90 Minutes

% M:L Arrival to Primary PCI <=90 Minutes, Direct Presentation, Walk-In versus EMS Arrival

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PSA: DON'T DIE OF DOUBT-CALL 911







PSA: DON'T DIE OF DOUBT-CALL 911

WEST TEXAS REGIONAL REPORT 4Q2019 TRANSFER STEMI PATIENTS

Arr-Door Out at 1st Fac

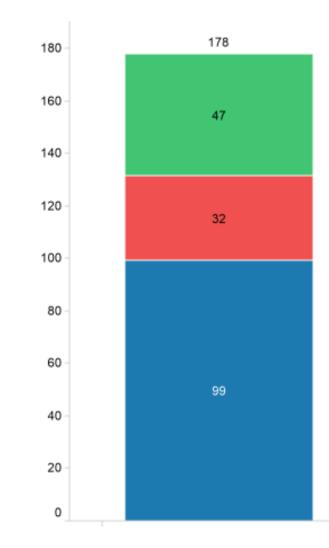
Door Out at 1st Fac to Arr

Arr to Device

M:L Transfer In for PCI <= 120 Minutes (Stacked Median)

M:L Arrival at First Facility to Primary PCI Median Times (minutes). Transfer-In for Primary PCI

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RECOGNITION OF STEMI AND APPROPRIATE CARE

PROTOCOLS AND STANDING ORDERS IN PLACE TO HELP EXPEDITE CARE.

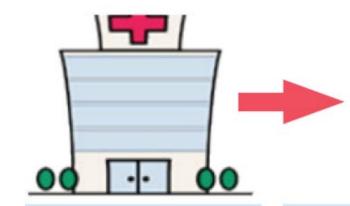
• STANDARDIZED REPERFUSION STEMI CARE PATHWAY

- Each ED should maintain a standardized reperfusion STEMI care pathway that designates fibrinolysis in the ED (for eligible patients) when the system cannot achieve times consistent with the ACC/AHA guidelines for primary PCI.
- If reperfusion strategy is for primary PCI transfer, a streamlined, standardized protocol for rapid transfer and transport to a STEMI receiving center should be operational.

(American Heart Association, 2013)

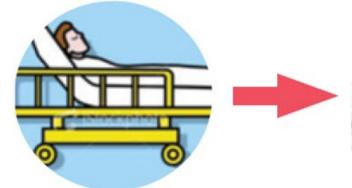


Door in Door out (DIDO) Goal <30 min



Arrival - 5 mins.

- Patient has chest pain
- Code Purple for STEMI is called
- EMS is alerted
- EKG is performed
- IV Started
- Labs are drawn



5 - 15 mins

- EKG is shown to ER Physician
- Physician confirms it's a "STEMI"
- One Call @ CCMH is called 1-855-733-3728
- EKG is faxed to 580-585-5453
- JCMH ED Physician talks to ED physician or Cardiologist at CCMH
- Medications, such as, aspirin, nitroglycerin, and heparin are given.

15 - 25 mins.

- Patient en route to CCMH via EMS
- Labs pending are not necessary. Those values can always be faxed to ONE Call 580-585-5453



Borrowed from Comanche County Memorial Hospital STEMI Newsletter May 2016

LETTER TO REGIONAL FACILITIES

Frequently asked question #1:

Is it better to give tenecteplase (TNKase) before transfer or should the patient wait for a Cardiac Catheterization procedure (PCI) after transfer {at HMC}?

Answer:

For those patients with onset of ischemic symptoms within the previous 12 hours AND without any contraindication for the TNKase medication it is best practice to give TNKase as soon as possible, when it is likely to take more than 120 minutes (2 hours) from the time they leave their home (or point of origin) until they can get to the HMC's Cath Lab for a procedure. When TNKase is given, heparin therapy should also be initiated to prevent restenosis en route. (Note: This information is from the 2013 ACCF/AHA Clinical Practice Guideline for the Management of ST-Elevation Myocardial Infarction and is a Class I, A recommendation.) A full copy of the current guidelines can be found at www.acc.org/guidelines.

Should you have questions about the HMC AMI Program, current guidelines, or a question you would like us to address in our next letter, please contact me or our Program Coordinator, Martee Tebow, at 325.670.3648.



HIPAA CONCERNS?

TEXAS HEALTH AND SAFETY CODE, TITLE 9, SUBTITLE B, SEC. 773.095.

RECORDS AND PROCEEDINGS CONFIDENTIAL

(A) THE PROCEEDINGS AND RECORDS OF ORGANIZED COMMITTEES OF HOSPITALS, MEDICAL SOCIETIES, EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES PROVIDERS, EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES AND TRAUMA CARE SYSTEMS, OR FIRST RESPONDER ORGANIZATIONS RELATING TO THE REVIEW, EVALUATION, OR IMPROVEMENT OF AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES PROVIDER, A FIRST RESPONDER ORGANIZATION, AN EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES AND TRAUMA CARE SYSTEM, OR EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES PERSONNEL ARE CONFIDENTIAL AND NOT SUBJECT TO DISCLOSURE BY COURT SUBPOENA OR OTHERWISE.

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Feedback Form Example

AMI PROGRAM

DEAR DIRECTOR OF NURSING AND EMERGENCY DEPARTMENT,

The following patient was received at Hendrick Medical Center in Abilene, Texas. Please find follow up information below.

1			1	
Patient initials				
Date of admission				
HMC Arrival Time		Targets Below:		
Door to ECG		Initial ECG <10 mins		
Thrombolytic given*		If unable to achieve primary PCI <_120 Consider from arrival at first facility administering thrombolytic		
Arrival to thrombolytic within 30 minutes		Door to Needle	<u>≤</u> 30 min	
Arrival to Transfer to PCI Center		Door in to Door Out	<u><</u> 30-45 min	
(Door in Door out) <u><</u> 30-45 min				
D2D2B (Door at sending facility to Door at receiving facility to Balloon) \leq 120 min		D2D2B	<u>≤</u> 120 min	
INTERVENTION:			•	
RECOMMENDATIONS:				
Consider Gr	round transportatio	n when air initially unavailable.		
Fax	ECG as soon as pos	sible to 325-670-2577		
*If thrombolytic given, plea	ase ensure patient a	lso receives heparin or enoxaparin and as	pirin	

We appreciate the opportunity to participate in the care of this patient. If you have any questions or if we can be of any further assistance, please feel free to contact us.



Warm regards,

MISSION LIFELINE FEEDBACK REPORT



Mission: Lifeline® Feedback Report

Hospital:	GWTG-CAD Patient ID:		Means of transport to First Facility:	
EMS Agency:	Run Number:		Method of 1st notification:	
Transfer from another facility:	Referring Hospital:		IFT Agency:	
Patient Initials: Age:	Gender:	Diagnosis:	Locatio	on 1st Evaluatio
ED Physician:	Reperfusion Candidat	e:	Physician Inte	erventionalist:
Attending Physician/Provider:	Discharge Status:			
Data Elemer	nts		System Met	rics
S/S Onset Date/time		Time from S Device (PCI)	/S Onset to	
Non-EMS FMC Date/time		Time from N to Device (P	on-EMS FMC CI)	
EMS FMC Date/time		Time from E Device (PCI)	MS FMC to	
First 12 lead ECG Date/time		Time from A Facility to De	rrival at First evice (PCI)	
Subsequent STEMI 12 lead ECG Date/time			irst Positive 12	
EMS Pre-Arrival Notification Date/time			EMS Metri	CS
EMS Depart Scene Date/time		EMS FMC to ECG	(first) 12 Lead	
Arrival at First Hospital Date/time		1st Positive : Pre-Arrival N	12 Lead ECG to lotification	
Transfer Transport Requested Date/time		EMS FMC to Scene	EMS Depart	
Transfer Transport Arrived Date/time		EMS Depart Arrival at Fir		
Transfer Out Date/time		Transfer Facility Metrics		
Thrombolytics Start Date/time		Hospital (Ref 12 Lead ECG		
Arrival at this hospital Date/time		Time from Fi Lead ECG to Requested	irst Positive 12 Transport	
Cath Lab Activation Date/time			irst Positive 12 Cath Lab	
Team Arrival to Cath Lab Date/time				

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w Mission: Lifeline® Feedback Report

Attending Arrival to Cath Lab	Time from Transport	
Date/time	Requested to Transport	
	Arrived	
Patient Arrival to Cath Lab	Time from Transport	
Date/time	Arrived to Transfer Out	
First PCI Date/Time	Time from Patient Arrival	
	(first facility) to Transfer	
	Out (DIDO)	
Comments:	PCI Receiving Center Metrics	
	Time from EMS Pre-Arrival	
	Notification to Cath Lab	
	Activation	
	Time from Transfer out to	
	arrive at PCI center	
	Time from Arrival at	
	Receiving Center to 1st 12	
	Lead ECG	
	Time from First Positive 12	
	Lead ECG to Cath Lab	
	Activation	
	Cath Lab Activation to	
	Attending Arrival	
	Cath Lab Activation to	
	Team Arrival	
	Cath Lab Activation to	
	Patient Arrival to Cath Lab	
	Patient Arrival at Hospital	
	to Cath Lab Arrival	
	Time from Patient Arrival	
	in Cath Lab to Device (PCI)	
	Time from Hospital Arrival	
	to Device (PCI)	



STEMI Transfer

 Door to Cath Lab:
 8 minutes

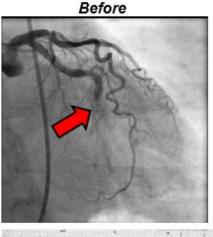
 Door to Balloon:
 25 minutes

 First Medical Contact to Balloon:
 89 minutes

Transferring physician: Transferring nurse: EMS Team:

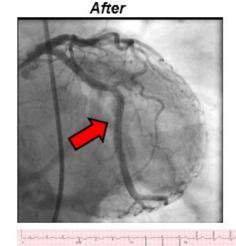
Receiving ED physician: Receiving charge nurse:

Cardiologist: Cath Lab team:









Congratulations and Great Job!

Thank you for the excellent teamwork to help save a life.





QUESTIONS

American Heart Association